

MPI Correctness Checking with MARMOT

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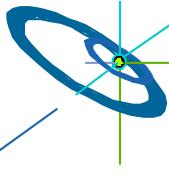


Overview

- Typical MPI Programming Errors
- What is Marmot?
- Examples
- Exercises

Common MPI programming errors I – Collective Routines

- Argument mismatches (e.g. different send/recv-counts in Gather)
- Deadlocks: not all processes call the same collective routine
 - E.g. all procs call Gather, except for one that calls Allgather
 - E.g. all procs call Bcast, except for one that calls Send before Bcast, matching Recv is called after Bcast
 - E.g. all procs call Bcast, then Gather, except for one that calls Gather first and then Bcast



Common MPI programming errors II – Point-to-Point Routines

- Deadlocks: matching routine is not called, e.g.

Proc0: MPI_Send(...)

 MPI_Recv(..)

Proc1: MPI_Send(...)

 MPI_Recv(...)

- Argument mismatches

– different **datatypes** in Send/Recv pairs, e.g.

Proc0: MPI_Send(1, MPI_INT)

Proc1: MPI_Recv(8, MPI_BYTE)

Illegal!

Common MPI programming errors III – Point-to-Point Routines

- especially tricky with user-defined datatypes, e.g.

MPI_INT 

MPI_DOUBLE 

derived datatype 1: DER_1 

derived datatype 2: DER_2 

derived datatype 3: DER_3 

`MPI_Send(2, DER_1), MPI_Recv(1, DER_2)` is legal

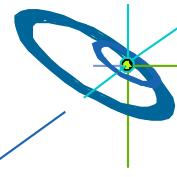
`MPI_Send(2, DER_1), MPI_Recv(1, DER_3)` is illegal

- different **counts** in Send/Recv pairs are allowed as *Partial Receive*

`MPI_Send(1, DER_1), MPI_Recv(1, DER_2)` is legal

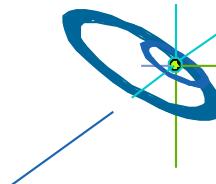
`MPI_Send(1, DER_1), MPI_Recv(1, DER_3)` is legal

`MPI_Send(1, DER_2), MPI_Recv(1, DER_1)` is illegal



Common MPI programming errors IV – Point-to-Point Routines

- Incorrect resource handling
 - Non-blocking calls (e.g. Isend, Irecv) can complete without issuing test/wait call, BUT:
Number of available request handles is limited (and implementation defined)
 - Free request handles before you reuse them (either with wait/successful test routine or **`MPI_Request_free`**)



Common MPI programming errors V – Others

- Incorrect resource handling
 - Incorrect creation or usage of resources such as communicators, datatypes, groups, etc.
 - Reusing an active request
 - Passing wrong number and/or types of parameters to MPI calls (often detected by compiler)
- Memory and other resource exhaustion
 - Read/write from/into buffer that is still in use, e.g. by an unfinished Send/Recv operation
 - Allocated communicators, derived datatypes, request handles, etc. were not freed
- Outstanding messages at Finalize
- MPI-standard 2: I/O errors etc.

Common MPI programming errors VI – Race conditions

- Irreproducibility
 - Results may sometimes be wrong
 - Deadlocks may occur sometimes
- Possible reasons:
 - Use of wild cards (MPI_ANY_TAG, MPI_ANY_SOURCE)
 - Use of random numbers etc.
 - Nodes do not behave exactly the same (background load, ...)
 - No synchronization of processes
- Bugs can be very nasty to track down in this case!
- Bugs may never occur in the presence of a tool (so-called *Heisenbugs*)

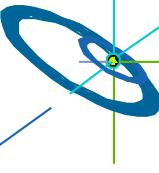
Common MPI programming errors VII – Portability issues

- MPI standard leaves some decisions to implementors, portability therefore not guaranteed!
 - “Opaque objects” (e.g. MPI groups, datatypes, communicators) are defined by implementation and are accessible via handles.
 - **For example, in mpich, MPI_Comm is an int**
 - **In lam-mpi, MPI_Comm is a pointer to a struct**
 - Message buffering implementation-dependent (e.g. for Send/Recv operations)
 - **Use Isend/Irecv**
 - **Bsend (usually slow, beware of buffer overflows)**
 - Synchronizing collective calls implementation-dependent
 - Thread safety not guaranteed

What is Marmot?

What is MARMOT?

- Tool for the development of MPI applications
- Automatic runtime analysis of the application:
 - Detect incorrect use of MPI
 - Detect non-portable constructs
 - Detect possible race conditions and deadlocks
- MARMOT does not require source code modifications, “just” relink and run with 1 additional process
- C and Fortran binding of MPI -1.2 is supported, also C++ and mixed C/Fortran code
- Development is still ongoing (not every possible functionality is implemented yet...)
- Tool makes use of the so-called *profiling interface*

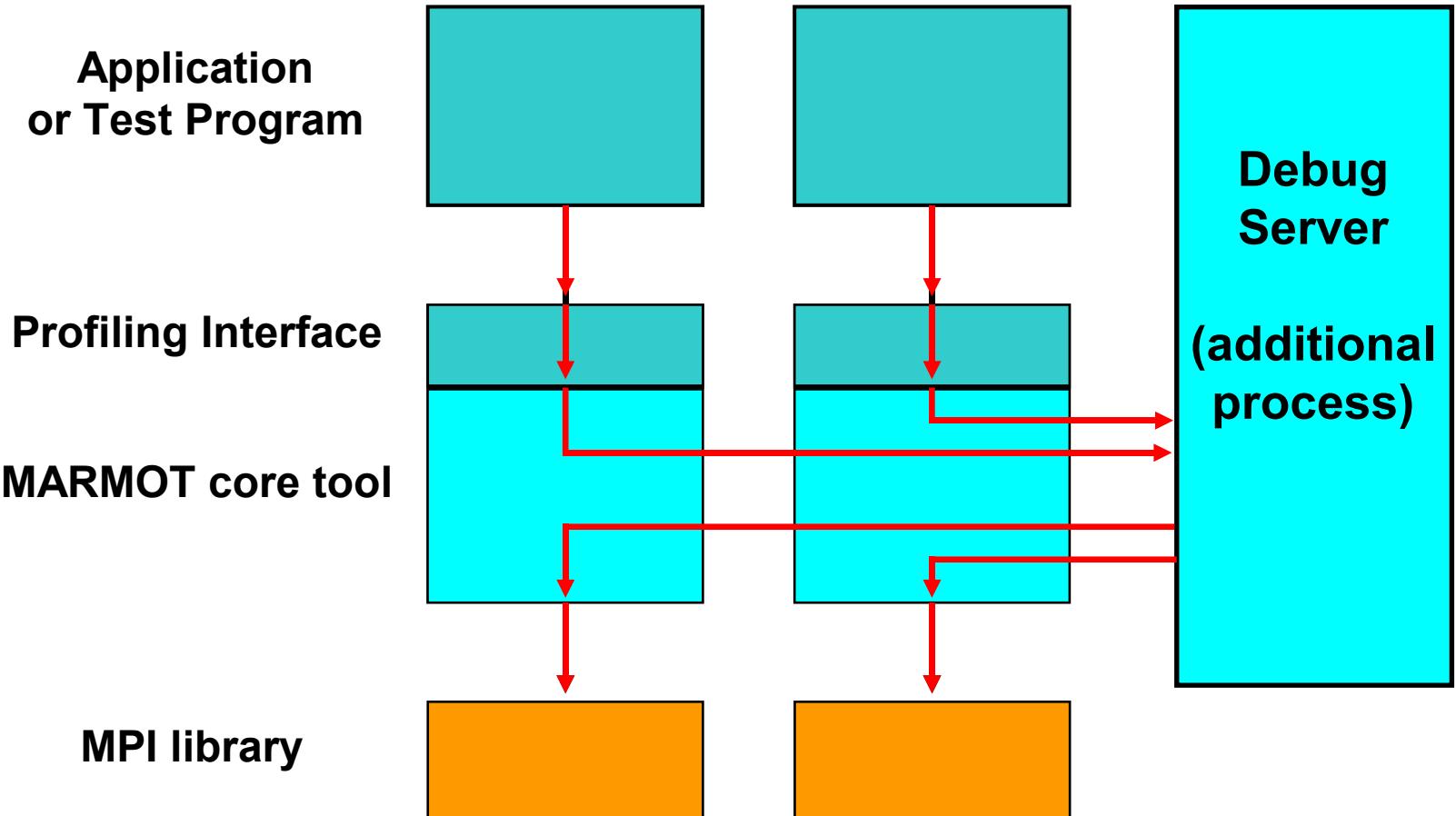


What is the profiling interface?

- Defined in the MPI standard
- Every MPI routine can also be called as the nameshifted routine PMPI.
- This allows users to replace MPI routines by their own routines.
- Example (MARMOT): redefine the MPI calls

```
MPI_Send {  
    doSomeChecks();  
    PMPI_Send(...);  
}
```

Design of MARMOT



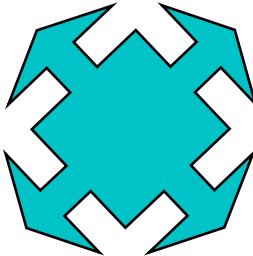
Availability of MARMOT

- Tested on different platforms, using different compilers (Intel, GNU,...) and MPI implementations (mpich, lam, Open MPI, vendor MPIs,...), e.g.
 - IA32/IA64 clusters
 - Opteron clusters
 - Xeon EM64T clusters
 - IBM
 - NEC SX5,..., SX8
- <http://www.hlrs.de/organization/amt/projects/marmot/>

Future Directions

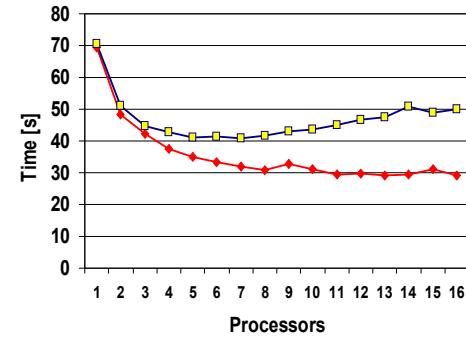
Functionality

- More checks
- MPI-2
- OpenMP/MPI



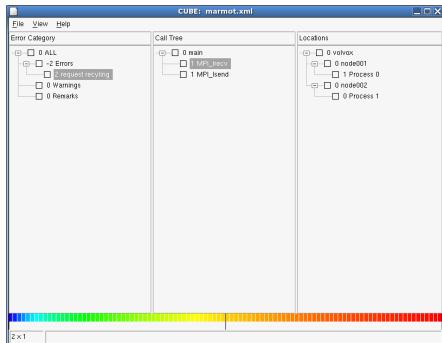
Performance

- Scalability



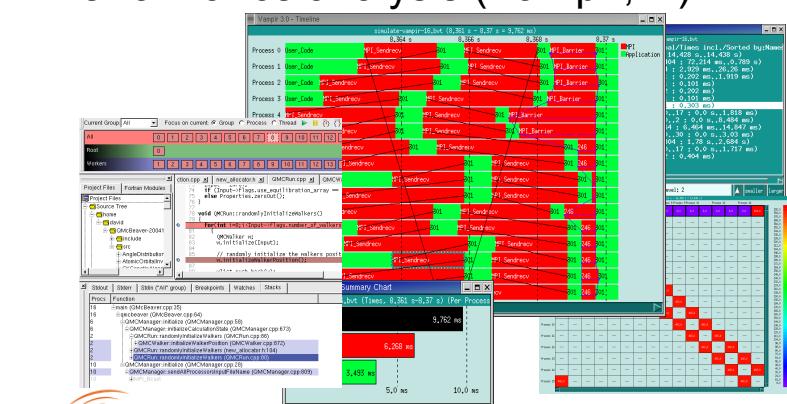
Usability

- GUI



Combination with other tools

- Debugger (DDT)
- Performance analysis (Vampir,...)



Examples



Slide 16

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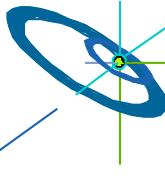


Example 1: request-reuse (source code)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include "mpi.h"
#include "enhancempicalls"

int main( int argc, char **argv ) {
    int size    = -1;
    int rank    = -1;
    int value   = -1;
    int value2 = -1;
    MPI_Status  send_status, recv_status;
    MPI_Request send_request, recv_request;

    printf( "We call Irecv and Isend with non-freed requests.\n" );
    MPI_Init( &argc, &argv );
    MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size );
    MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank );
    printf( " I am rank %d of %d PEs\n", rank, size );
```



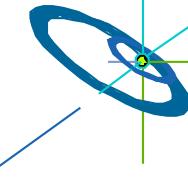
Example 1: request-reuse (source code continued)

```
if( rank == 0 ){
    /* get the request used */
    MPI_Irecv( &value, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 18, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &recv_request );
    /* receive the message and reuse a non-freed request */
    MPI_Irecv( &value, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &recv_request );
    MPI_Wait( &recv_request, &recv_status );
    assert( value = 19 );
}
if( rank == 1 ){
    value2 = 19;
    /* use the request */
    MPI_Isend( &value, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 18, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &send_request );
    /* send the message */
    MPI_Isend( &value2, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
    &send_request );
    MPI_Wait( &send_request, &send_status );
}
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
```

Example 1: request-reuse (output log – old, mpich)

We call Irecv and Isend with non-freed requests.

```
1 rank 0 performs MPI_Init
2 rank 1 performs MPI_Init
3 rank 0 performs MPI_Comm_size
4 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_size
5 rank 0 performs MPI_Comm_rank
6 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_rank
    I am rank 0 of 2 PEs
7 rank 0 performs MPI_Irecv
    I am rank 1 of 2 PEs
8 rank 1 performs MPI_Isend
9 rank 0 performs MPI_Irecv
10 rank 1 performs MPI_Isend
    ERROR: MPI_Irecv Request is still in use !!
11 rank 0 performs MPI_Wait
    ERROR: MPI_Isend Request is still in use !!
12 rank 1 performs MPI_Wait
13 rank 0 performs MPI_Finalize
14 rank 1 performs MPI_Finalize
```



Example 1: request-reuse (output log – new, Open MPI)

```
...
10: Note from rank 1 with  Text: performing On Call: MPI_Isend
   From: request-reuse2.c line: 73
10: Error from rank 0 with  Text: ERROR: MPI_Irecv Request is still in use
!!
Argument: request

Information for Resource of type MPI_Request:
created at request-reuse2.c line: 55
not yet freed.

On Call: MPI_Irecv From: request-reuse2.c line: 59
for MPI-Standard information
see:/opt/marmot/marmot_icc_openmpi/share/doc/cg-wp2
.2-marmot-cvs2007070613/MPI-STANDARD/marmot_err/node92.html

10: Error from rank 1 with  Text: ERROR: MPI_Isend Request is still in use
!!
....
```

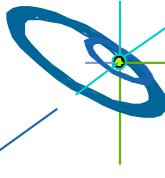


Example 1: request-reuse (output log – new, Open MPI)

```
From: request-reuse2.c line: 78
13: Warning from rank 1 with  Text: WARNING: MPI_Finalize: There are
      still pending messages!

On Call: MPI_Finalize From: request-reuse2.c line: 78
for MPI-Standard information
    see:/opt/marmot/marmot_icc_openmpi/share/doc/cg-wp2
.2-marmot-cvs2007070613/MPI-STANDARD/marmot_err/node73.html

13: Error global message with  Text: WARNING: all clients are pending!
Last calls (max. 10) on node 0:
    timestamp 1: MPI_Init(*argc, ***argv)
    timestamp 3: MPI_Comm_size(comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *size)
    timestamp 5: MPI_Comm_rank(comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *rank)
    timestamp 7: MPI_Isend(*buf, count = 1, datatype = MPI_DATATYPE_NULL,
        dest = 1,
        tag = 16, comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *request)
    timestamp 9: MPI_Irecv(*buf, count = 1, datatype = MPI_DATATYPE_NULL,
        source =
1, tag = 17, comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *request)
    timestamp 11: MPI_Wait(*request, *status)
```



Example 1: request-reuse (output log – new, Open MPI)

```
Last calls (max. 10) on node 1:  
timestamp 2: MPI_Init(*argc, ***argv)  
  
timestamp 4: MPI_Comm_size(comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *size)  
  
timestamp 6: MPI_Comm_rank(comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *rank)  
  
timestamp 8: MPI_Isend(*buf, count = 1, datatype = MPI_DATATYPE_NULL,  
    dest = 0,  
    tag = 18, comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *request)  
  
timestamp 10: MPI_Isend(*buf, count = 1, datatype = MPI_DATATYPE_NULL,  
    dest = 1  
, tag = 17, comm = MPI_COMM_NULL, *request)  
  
timestamp 12: MPI_Wait(*request, *status)  
  
timestamp 13: MPI_Finalize()
```



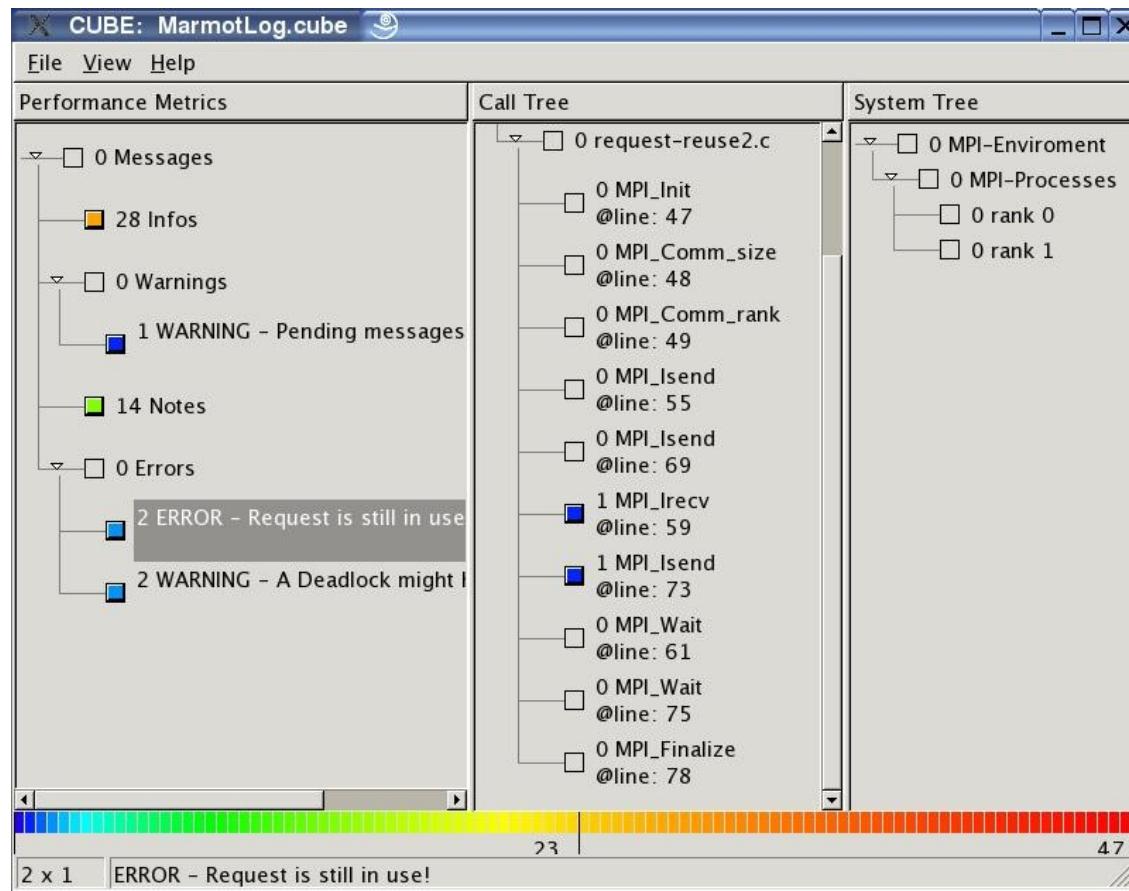
Example 1: request-reuse (output html – new, Open MPI)

```
export MARMOT_LOGFILE_TYPE=1
```

MARMOT HTML Logfile - SeaMonkey			
File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Window Help			
Back Forward Reload Stop file:///data1/HLRS/hlrs/hpcsoft12/marmot-toolsws/trunk-openmpi/trunk/TEST_C/MarmotLog.html Search Print			
Home Bookmarks Scientific Linux Distros			
9	0	Note	Text: performing Call: MPI_Irecv
10	1	Note	Text: performing Call: MPI_Isend
			Text: ERROR: MPI_Irecv Request is still in use !! Argument: request
10	0	Error	Information for Ressource of type MPI_Request: created at request-reuse2.c line: 55 not yet freed. Call: MPI_Irecv
			Text: ERROR: MPI_Isend Request is still in use !! Argument: request
10	1	Error	Information for Ressource of type MPI_Request: created at request-reuse2.c line: 69 not yet freed. Call: MPI_Isend
11	0	Note	Text: performing Call: MPI_Wait
12	1	Note	Text: performing Call: MPI_Wait
13	1	Note	Text: performing Call: MPI_Finalize
13	1	Note	Text: NOTE: the run needed a maximum of 1 requests!
13	1	Warning	Text: WARNING: MPI_Finalize: There are still pending messages! Call: MPI_Finalize Text: WARNING: all clients are pending!
			request-reuse2.c line: 59 request-reuse2.c line: 73 request-reuse2.c line: 59 Infos see MPI-Standard request-reuse2.c line: 73 Infos see MPI-Standard request-reuse2.c line: 61 request-reuse2.c line: 75 request-reuse2.c line: 78 request-reuse2.c line: 78 Infos see MPI-Standard

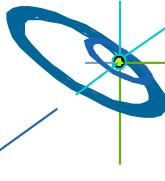
Example 1: request-reuse (output cube – new, Open MPI)

```
export MARMOT_LOGFILE_TYPE=2
```



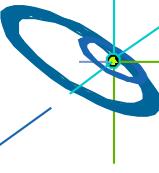
Example: deadlock (source code)

```
/* This program produces a deadlock.  
** At least 2 nodes are required to run the program.  
**  
** Rank 0 recv a message from Rank 1.  
** Rank 1 recv a message from Rank 0.  
**  
** AFTERWARDS:  
** Rank 0 sends a message to Rank 1.  
** Rank 1 sends a message to Rank 0.  
*/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include "mpi.h"  
  
int main( int argc, char** argv ){  
    int rank = 0;  
    int size = 0;  
    int dummy = 0;  
    MPI_Status status;
```



Example: deadlock (source code continued)

```
    MPI_Init( &argc, &argv ) ;
    MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank ) ;
    MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size ) ;
    if( size < 2 ){
        fprintf( stderr," This program needs at least 2 PEs!\n" ) ;
    }
    else {
        if ( rank == 0 ){
            MPI_Recv( &dummy, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status ) ;
            MPI_Send( &dummy, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 18, MPI_COMM_WORLD ) ;
        }
        if( rank == 1 ){
            MPI_Recv( &dummy, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 18, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status ) ;
            MPI_Send( &dummy, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD ) ;
        }
    }
    MPI_Finalize() ;
}
```



Example: deadlock (output log)

```
$ mpirun -np 3 deadlock1
```

```
1 rank 0 performs MPI_Init  
2 rank 1 performs MPI_Init  
3 rank 0 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
4 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
5 rank 0 performs MPI_Comm_size  
6 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_size  
7 rank 0 performs MPI_Recv  
8 rank 1 performs MPI_Recv  
8 Rank 0 is pending!  
8 Rank 1 is pending!
```

WARNING: deadlock detected, all clients are pending



Example: deadlock (output log continued)

Last calls (max. 10) on node 0:

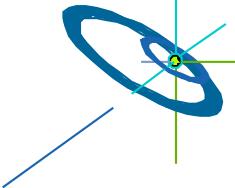
```
timestamp = 1: MPI_Init( *argc, ***argv )
timestamp = 3: MPI_Comm_rank( comm, *rank )
timestamp = 5: MPI_Comm_size( comm, *size )
timestamp = 7: MPI_Recv( *buf, count = -1,
datatype = non-predefined datatype, source =
-1, tag = -1, comm, *status)
```

Last calls (max. 10) on node 1:

```
timestamp = 2: MPI_Init( *argc, ***argv )
timestamp = 4: MPI_Comm_rank( comm, *rank )
timestamp = 6: MPI_Comm_size( comm, *size )
timestamp = 8: MPI_Recv( *buf, count = -1,
datatype = non-predefined datatype, source =
-1, tag = -1, comm, *status)
```



Real World Application



Slide 29

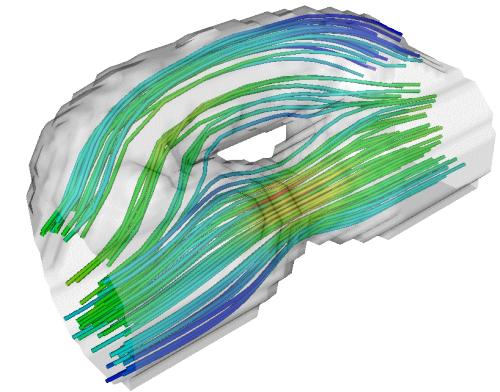
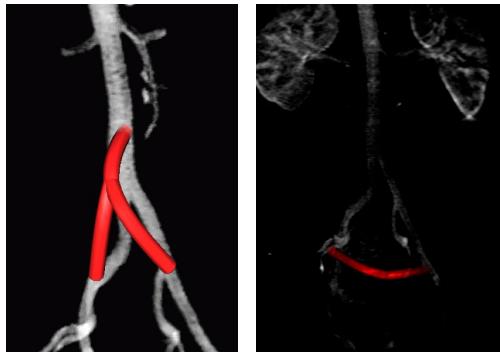
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Example - Medical Application B_Stream



- Calculation of blood flow with Lattice-Boltzmann method
- 16 different MPI calls:
 - `MPI_Init`, `MPI_Comm_rank`,
`MPI_Comm_size`, `MPI_Pack`,
`MPI_Bcast`, `MPI_Unpack`,
`MPI_Cart_create`, `MPI_Cart_shift`,
`MPI_Cart_rank`, `MPI_Send`,
`MPI_Recv`, `MPI_Barrier`,
`MPI_Reduce`, `MPI_Sendrecv`,
`MPI_Wtime`, `MPI_Finalize`
- We use different input files that describe the geometry of the artery: tube, tube-stenosis, bifurcation

Example: B_Stream

- Running the application

```
mpirun -np <np> B_Stream <Reynolds> <geometry-file>
```

- With $10 \leq \text{Reynolds} \leq 500$

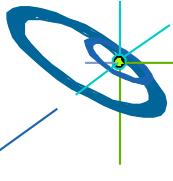
- geometry-file = tube or tube-stenosis or bifurcation

- For example

```
mpirun -np 3 B_Stream 500. tube
```

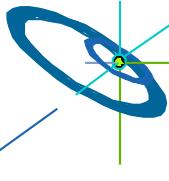
Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube)

- Tube geometry: simplest case, just a tube with about the same radius everywhere
- Running the application without/with MARMOT:
`mpirun -np 3 B_Stream 500. tube`
`mpirun -np 4 B_Stream_marmot 500. tube`
- Application seems to run without problems



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis)

- Tube-stenosis geometry: just a tube with varying radius
- Without MARMOT:
`mpirun -np 3 B_Stream 500. tube-stenosis`
- Application is hanging
- With MARMOT:
`mpirun -np 4 B_Stream_marmot 500. tube-stenosis`
- Deadlock found



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis)

```
9310 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9311 rank 2 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9312 rank 0 performs MPI_Barrier  
9313 rank 1 performs MPI_Barrier  
9314 rank 2 performs MPI_Barrier  
9315 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9316 rank 2 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9317 rank 0 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9318 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9319 rank 0 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9320 rank 2 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9321 rank 0 performs MPI_Barrier  
9322 rank 1 performs MPI_Barrier  
9323 rank 2 performs MPI_Barrier  
  
9324 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
9325 rank 1 performs MPI_Bcast  
9326 rank 2 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
9327 rank 2 performs MPI_Bcast  
  
9328 rank 0 performs MPI_Sendrecv
```

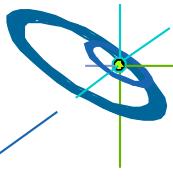
Iteration step:
Calculate and
exchange results
with neighbors

Communicate
results among
all procs

WARNING: all clients are pending!

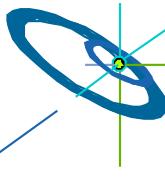
Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis) deadlock: traceback on node 0

```
timestamp= 9304: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
timestamp= 9307: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 1, recvtag
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
timestamp= 9309: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 1, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 2, recvtag
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
timestamp= 9312: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
timestamp= 9317: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 1, recvtag
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
timestamp= 9319: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 1, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 2, recvtag
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
timestamp= 9321: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
timestamp= 9328: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 1, recvtag
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
```



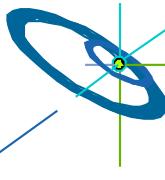
Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis) deadlock: traceback on node 1

```
timestamp= 9306: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 0, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 2, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9310: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9313: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9315: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 0, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 2, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9318: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9322: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9324: MPI_Comm_rank(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD, *rank)  
timestamp= 9325: MPI_Bcast(*buffer, count = 3, datatype =  
    MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
```



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis) deadlock: traceback on node 2

```
timestamp= 9308: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 1, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9311: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 0, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 1, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9314: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9316: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 1, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9320: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 7220,  
    sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 0, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
    recvcount = 7220, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 1, recvtag  
    = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9323: MPI_Barrier(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9326: MPI_Comm_rank(comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD, *rank)  
timestamp= 9327: MPI_Bcast(*buffer, count = 3, datatype =  
    MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
```



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, tube-stenosis) – Code Analysis

```
main {
```

```
    ...
```

```
    num_iter = calculate_number_of_iterations();
```

```
    for (i=0; i < num_iter; i++) {
```

```
        computeBloodflow();  
        CalculateSomething();  
        // exchange results with neighbors
```

```
    }
```

```
    writeResults();
```

```
    // communicate results with neighbors
```

```
    MPI_Bcast(...);
```

```
}
```

if (radius < x) num_iter = 50;
if (radius >= x) num_iter = 200;
// **ERROR:** it is not ensured here that all
// procs do the same number of iterations

CalculateSomething();

// exchange results with neighbors

MPI_Sendrecv(...);

Be careful if you call functions with hidden MPI calls!



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, bifurcation)

- Bifurcation geometry: forked artery
- Without MARMOT:
`mpirun -np 3 B_Stream 500. bifurcation`

...

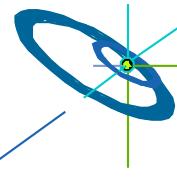
Segmentation fault

(platform dependent if the code breaks here or not)

- With MARMOT:
`mpirun -np 4 B_Stream_marmot 500. bifurcation`
- Problem found at collective call MPI_Gather

Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, bifurcation)

```
9319 rank 2 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9320 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv  
9321 rank 1 performs MPI_Barrier  
9322 rank 2 performs MPI_Barrier  
9323 rank 0 performs MPI_Barrier  
9324 rank 0 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
9325 rank 1 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
9326 rank 2 performs MPI_Comm_rank  
9327 rank 0 performs MPI_Bcast  
9328 rank 1 performs MPI_Bcast  
9329 rank 2 performs MPI_Bcast  
9330 rank 0 performs MPI_Bcast  
9331 rank 1 performs MPI_Bcast
```



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, bifurcation)

```
9332 rank 2 performs MPI_Bcast
9333 rank 0 performs MPI_Gather
9334 rank 1 performs MPI_Gather
9335 rank 2 performs MPI_Gather
/usr/local/mpich-1.2.5.2/ch_shmem/bin/mpirun: line
1: 10163
```

Segmentation fault

```
/home/rusbetti/B_Stream/bin/B_Stream_marmot
"500." "bifurcation"
9336 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv
9337 rank 2 performs MPI_Sendrecv
9338 rank 1 performs MPI_Sendrecv
```

WARNING: all clients are pending!

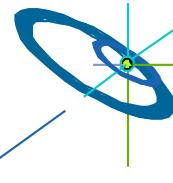
Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, bifurcation)

Last calls on node 0:

```
timestamp= 9327: MPI_Bcast (*buffer, count = 3, datatype =  
MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9330: MPI_Bcast (*buffer, count = 3, datatype =  
MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9333: MPI_Gather (*sendbuf, sendcount = 266409,  
sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, *recvbuf, recvcount = 266409,  
recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
```

Last calls on node 1:

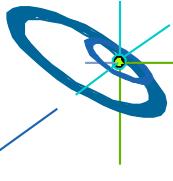
```
timestamp= 9334: MPI_Gather (*sendbuf, sendcount = 258336,  
sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, *recvbuf, recvcount = 258336,  
recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)  
timestamp= 9336: MPI_Sendrecv (*sendbuf, sendcount = 13455,  
sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 0, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
recvcount = 13455, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 2,  
recvtag = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)  
timestamp= 9338: MPI_Sendrecv (*sendbuf, sendcount = 13455,  
sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 2, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf,  
recvcount = 13455, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0,  
recvtag = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
```



Example: B_Stream (blood flow simulation, bifurcation)

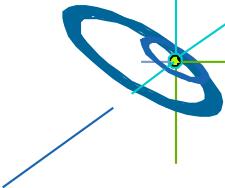
Last calls on node 2:

```
timestamp= 9332: MPI_Bcast(*buffer, count = 3, datatype = MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
timestamp= 9335: MPI_Gather(*sendbuf, sendcount = 258336, sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, *recvbuf, recvcount = 258336, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, root = 0, comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD)
timestamp= 9337: MPI_Sendrecv(*sendbuf, sendcount = 13455, sendtype = MPI_DOUBLE, dest = 1, sendtag = 1, *recvbuf, recvcount = 13455, recvtype = MPI_DOUBLE, source = 0, recvtag = 1, comm = self-defined communicator, *status)
```



Example: BStream – summary of problems

- Different errors occur on different platforms (different compilers, different MPI implementations,...)
- Different errors occur with different input files
- Not all errors can be found with tools



Exercises

Slide 45

Höchstleistungsrechenzentrum Stuttgart



H L R I S

Marmot on dgrid

Initialization

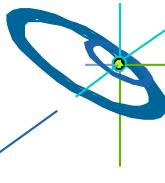
- **module load marmot/marmot_icc_openmpi compiler/intel mpi/openmpi**
- **qsub -I -V -l nodes=2:dgrid,walltime=00:30:00**
(interactive batch environment on 2 nodes for 30 min.)
- **cd MARMOT/openmpi**

Compilation

- Compiling the application:
marmotcc -g -o my_prog my_prog.c
or
marmotf77 -g -o my_prog my_prog.f or .f90
- **(add #include “enhancempicalls.h” to get source info)**

Execution

- **mpirun -np [n+1] ./my_prog**



Marmot on dgrid

Environment

- **export MARMOT_LOGFILE_TYPE=2**
cube output – run **cube MarmotLog.cube** to visualize your output
- **export MARMOT_LOGFILE_TYPE=1**
html output
- **export MARMOT_LOGFILE_TYPE=0**
txt output (default)
- (there's more environment variables for configuring Marmot...)

